

## HISTORY OF THE JEANNE CLERY ACT



Jeanne Ann Clery  
1966-1986

In April 1986, Jeanne Clery’s life ended tragically when another student raped and murdered her in her residence hall room. Alarmed at the lack of transparency around crime and violence on college campuses, Jeanne’s parents, Connie and Howard, committed themselves to create enduring change.

In 1990, Congress approved the *Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act*. Later renamed in Jeanne’s memory, the *Jeanne Clery Act* took effect in 1991. It requires that colleges and universities:

- keep a public crime log
- publish an annual security report that includes crime statistics and security policies
- provide timely warnings to students and campus employees about a crime posing an immediate or ongoing threat to students and campus employees
- ensure certain basic rights for victims of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking

The U.S. Department of Education enforces the Clery Act, and is responsible for collecting and disseminating crime statistics from colleges and universities each year.

## CLERY ACT 101

### CLERY ACT CRIMES

- Homicide
- Sex Offenses
- Robbery
- Aggravated Assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Arson

#### Arrests & Referrals for Disciplinary Action for:

- Drug Law Violations
- Liquor Law Violations
- Weapons Law Violations

#### 2013 Clery Additions:

- Domestic Violence
- Dating Violence
- Stalking

**Hate Crimes:** Any of the above offenses and incidents of Larceny-Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, or Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property.

### CLERY ACT GEOGRAPHY



- **On-Campus** (including Student Residential)
- **Public Property**
- **Non-Campus**

*“We are all part of a community, and it’s all of our responsibility to make sure we all feel comfortable and safe.”*



**Shondrika Merritt**  
Assistant Director,  
Residence Life

## MY CAMPUS CLERY CONTACT

Name/Title:

Phone/Email: